

More Nutrition Data, Please! Integrating Nutrition Indicators into Health Information System and Facility Assessments

April 4, 2023 9:00-10:00 AM EDT (GMT-4)

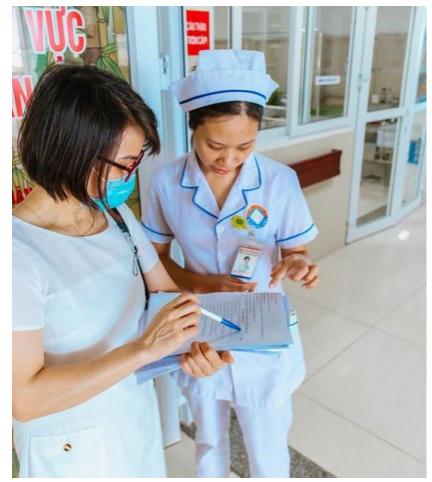


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Agenda

- 1. Opening remarks
- 2. Global Guidance: Nutrition in Routine Health Information Systems
- 3. Experience from Zambia: Changes Made Due to DHIS2
- 4. Nutrition Data in the Revised Service Provision Assessment (SPA) Survey
- 5. Use of Nutrition Data from the Recent SPA in Nepal
- 6. Q&A
- 7. Closing

Speakers



Silvia Alayón Director of Measurement, USAID Advancing Nutrition



Erin Milner Sr. Nutrition MEL Advisor, USAID Bureau for Global Health



Rukundo Benedict Nutrition Specialist, Demographic and Health Surveys Program

Lila Bikram Thapa Chief of Nutrition Section, Nepal Ministry of Health and Population



Chika Hayashi Senior Advisor for Monitoring and Statistics, UNICEF



Martin Liyungu Nutrition Information Systems Officer, Ministry of Health Zambia

Importance of Nutrition Inclusion in Routine Health Information System and Facility Assessments



Erin Milner Sr. Nutrition MEL Advisor, USAID Bureau for Global Health

Global Guidance: Nutrition in Routine Health Information Systems



Chika Hayashi Senior Advisor for Monitoring and Statistics, UNICEF

April 4 Webinar - Nutrition in Health Management Information Systems The case for integrating nutrition (info) within routine health (info) systems

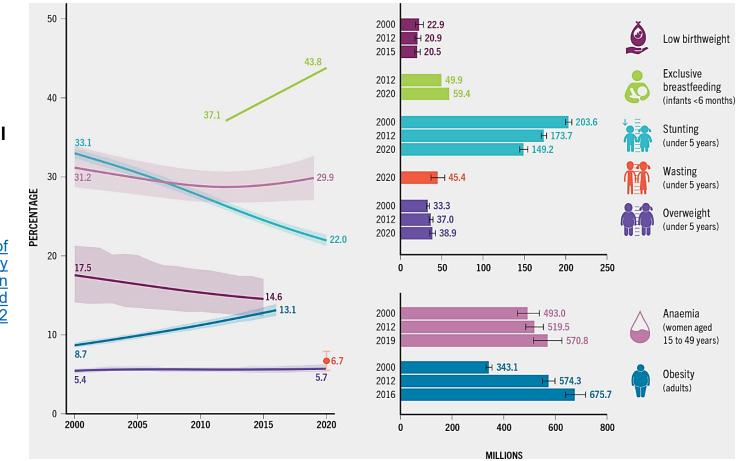


OUTLINE

- 1. Making the case for integrating nutrition (info) within routine health (info) systems
- New guidance for collecting routine data for core nutrition indicators in health facilities and community settings
- 3. DHIS2 NUT aggregate package
- 4. Overview of the standard NUT routine indicators

An unacceptably large number of people still affected by malnutrition in all its forms

> The State of Food Security and Nutrition in the World 2022

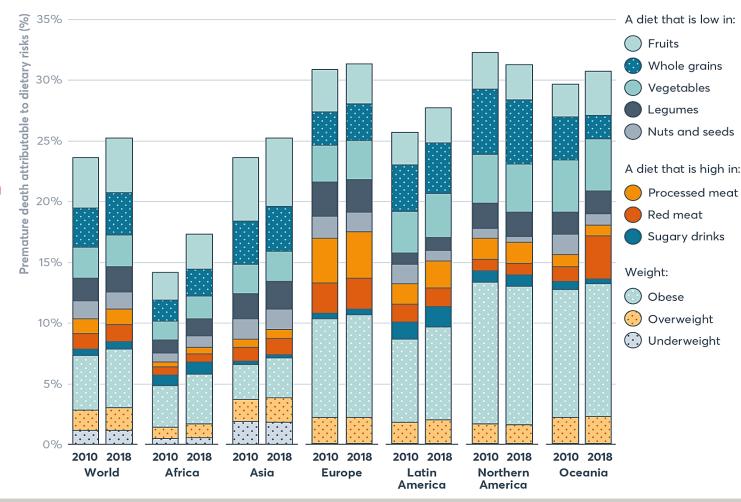


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Poor diets and resulting malnutrition are leading to disability and death and causing vast health, economic and environmental burden

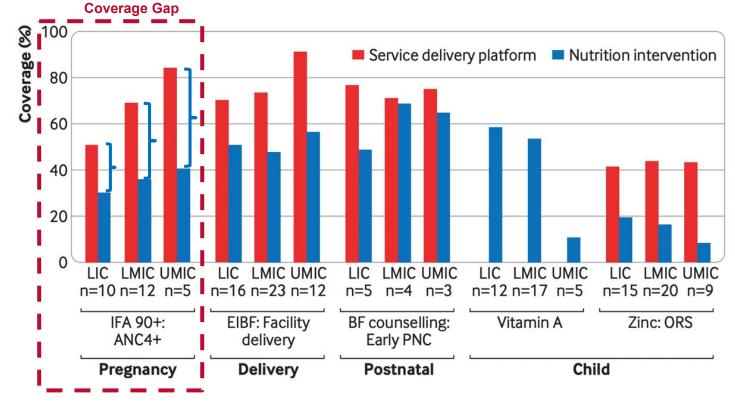
<u>GNR 2020</u>

New analysis based on estimates of food intake from the Global Dietary Database, weight measurements from the NCD Risk Factor Collaboration, diet-disease relationships from the epidemiological literature, and mortality and population estimates from the Global Burden of Disease project.



Coverage of nutrition actions within primar healthcare settings are limited: Coverage Gap

> Journal Article: How Can We Realise the Full Potential



Mainstreaming nutrition within universal health coverage

Demographic and Health Surveys (DHSs) published between 2012 and 2018, latest available data used by country.

r I	PERCENTAGE OF	
71.5%	Live births weighed at birth	n=32
78.0	Live births delivered at a health facility	Ë
62.2%	Children who received a vitamin A capsule	34
68.4%	Children who received all eight basic vaccinations	n=34
56.7%	rns receiving early initiation breastfeeding (within the first hour)	32
78.19	Newborns whose delivery was assisted by a skilled provider	n=32
	gnant women who received 90 or more iron/folic acid tablets 33.4	10
66.6%	Pregnant women who received four or more antenatal care visits from a skilled provider	n=35
	Children with diarrhoea who received zinc supplementation 15.0%	8
49.2%	Children with diarrhoea who received oral rehydration solution or recommended home fluids	n=22

0%

40%

60%

20%

'Nutrition' intervention

'Non-nutrition' intervention

100%

80%

Framework for equitable integration of nutrition within health systems

Integration of nutrition within health systems

Across each of the health system building blocks

Leadership and governance	Health workforce	Health systems financing	Access to essential medicines	Health services delivery	Health information systems
Full integration of nutrition care into national health sector plans	More qualified nutrition professionals; nutrition education and motivation benchmarks for healthcare workers	Alignment of a costed nutrition care plan with healthcare financing plants	Inclusion of nutrition products in 'essential medicines' lists; technological solutions to enhance access to quality nutrition care	Integration of nutrition services with health service delivery (with regular monitoring and evaluation)	Optimisation of health records for nutrition care; collection, analysis and dissemination of population-level nutrition indicators through health information systems

Standard framework: NUT module for RHIS

The **Nutrition module** is the latest addition to the WHO <u>toolkit for routine health</u> <u>information systems</u> (RHIS)

Each module include three elements:

- 1. <u>NUT Guidance document</u> with standard routine indicators
- 2. <u>NUT DHIS2</u> Digital configuration package
- 3. Training materials



Standard language: NUT guidance

First ever global recommendations on nutrition indicators for routine data collection

• Provides **standard** set of routine nutrition indicators to be collected by nutrition programmes at **health facility** and **community** levels.

Core essential indicators: At facility and community level collected by all countries

Optional indicators:

Suggested to collect if fits country health system and needs

Longitudinal indicators: Suggested to collect if country is tracking individuals over time Analysis and use of nutrition data from routine health information sytems

Guidance for nutrition (NUT) programme managers

for every child

Worki Health Organization

Standard system: DHIS2 NUT digital package

New DHIS2 (NUT) Nutrition package to strengthen the ability of countries to capture, integrate, analyze and use routine nutrition data at national and sub-national levels.

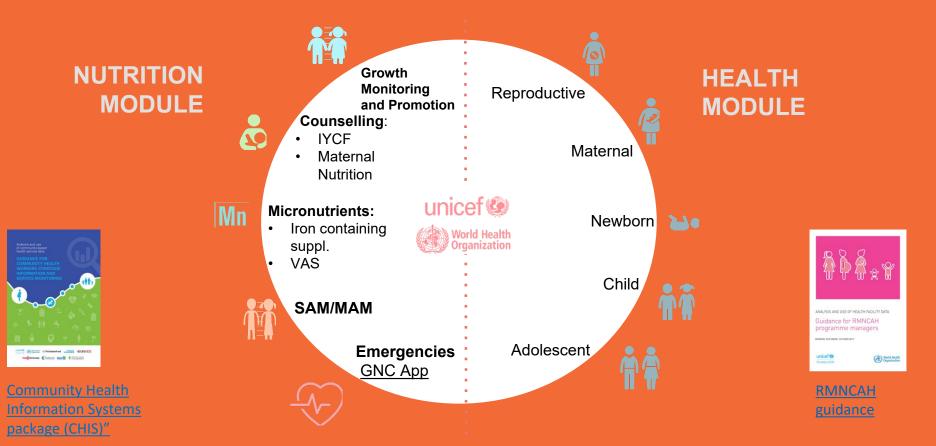


https://dhis2.org/metadata-package-downloads

https://demos.dhis2.org/hmis/dhis-webcommons/security/login.action

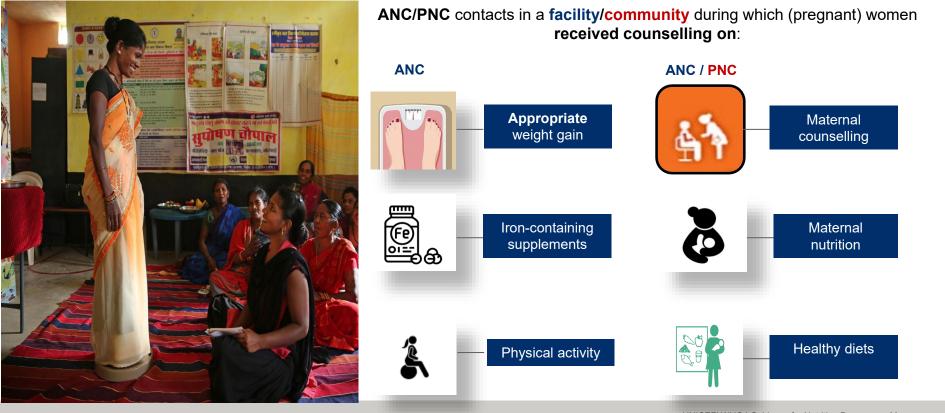


What areas of nutrition programming does the NUT module cover?



Maternal nutrition counselling

18 Core indicators – 12 during ANC, 6 during PNC



Provision of Maternal nutrition counselling Indicators overview

18 Core – 12 indicators during ANC, 6 indicators during PNC

1 for **facility** (**shown**) 1 for community

Maternal counselling received during ANC/PNC in a facility (1 for ANC, 1 for PNC)

Numerator:

ANC contacts in a facility during which pregnant women received maternal counselling

Denominator: ANC contacts in a **facility** Counselling on maternal nutrition received during ANC/PNC in a facility (1 for ANC, 1 for PNC)

Numerator:

ANC contacts in a **facility** during which pregnant women received maternal nutrition counselling

Denominator: ANC contacts in a **facility** Counselling on healthy diet received during ANC/PNC in a facility (1 for ANC, 1 for PNC)

Numerator:

ANC contacts in a **facility** during which pregnant women received counselling on healthy diets

Denominator: ANC contacts in a **facility** Counselling on appropriate weight gain/ physical activity/ Iron-containing supplements (i.e. iron-folic acid or multiple micronutrient supplements) during ANC in a facility (3 indicators – 1 for each topic)

Numerator: ANC contacts in a facility during which pregnant women received counselling on weight gain

Denominator: ANC contacts in a facility

Data collection on provision of maternal counselling

Maternal Health Counselling (on any of following nutrition/health topics)

- 1. Breastfeeding within 1 hour of birth (early)
- 2. Exclusive breastfeeding (no other food/liquid only breastmilk)
- 3. Healthy diet during pregnancy
- 4. Weight gain during pregnancy
- 5. Iron containing supplements: iron folic-acid (IFA) or multiple micronutrient (MMS)
- 6. Physical activity
- 7. Hygiene and sanitation
- 8. Family planning/birth spacing
- 9. Intermittent preventive treatment of malaria (moderate to high malaria transmission)
- 10. Undernourished/food insecure populations: balanced energy & protein supplementation

Maternal Nutrition Counselling (on any of the following nutrition topics)

- 1. Breastfeeding within 1 hour of birth
- 2. Exclusive breastfeeding
- 3. Healthy diet during pregnancy
- 4. Weight gain during pregnancy
- 5. Iron-containing supplements- IFA or MMS
- 6. Physical activity

Growth Monitoring and Promotion



1 for **facility** 1 for **community** 1 for facility + community

17 Core indicators

Liveborn babies delivered with **birthweigh**t documented in the reporting system ..

- before discharge
- with value < 2500 g
- with value < 1500 g

1 for facility

17 Optional

- Child referred for MAM/SAM
- Child weight gain/unchanged/lost since last measurement
- Child caregivers counselled on growth promotion
- Child underweight/overweight/obese
- Child obese management plan
- Child stunted
- Child wasted



Growth Monitoring and Promotion (GMP) Indicators overview

17 Co	ore	17 Optional	
 for facility (shown) for community for facility + community for facility + community Liveborn babies delivered a facility with birthweight documented in the reporting system before discharge Liveborn babies delivered in a facility with birthweight documented in the reporting system with value < 2500 g Liveborn babies delivered in the reporting system with value < 2500 g Liveborn babies delivered in a facility with birthweight documented in the reporting system with value < 1500 g 	 for facility (shown) for community Child height/length measurement in a facility Child MUAC assessed in a facility Child Oedema assessed in a facility Child weight assessed In a facility 	 5 for facility (shown) 5 for community Child referred by a facility for moderate wasting Child referred by facility for severe wasting Child weight gain since last measurement in a facility Child weight unchanged since last measurement in a facility Child weight lost since last measurement in a facility 	7 for facility Child caregivers counselled on growth promotion in facility Numerator: Child caregivers counselled on growth promotion in a facility Denominator – Children 0-59 months of seen in a facility Child underweight Numerator: Child who is underweight for age who was assessed in a facility Denominator: Children 0-59 months seen in a facility Child overweight Numerator: Child who is overweight for age who was assessed in a facility Denominator: Children 0-59 months seen in a facility Child overweight Numerator: Children 0-59 months seen in a facility Child overweight Numerator: Children 0-59 months seen in a facility Child obese (similar to above) Child stunted (similar to above) Child Obese management plan Numerator: child who is obese with management plan

Infant and young child feeding counselling



2 Optional

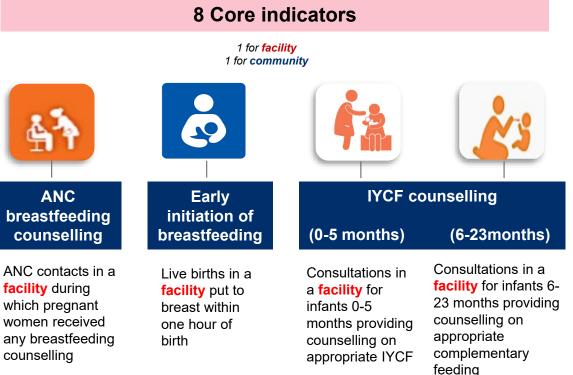
Counselling in a facility about healthy eating_(6-23m) - focus on avoiding consumption of unhealthy foods

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 Sick child counselling in a facility (0-23 months) - focus recuperative feeding during sickness

3 Longitudinal

 IYCF counselling contacts in a facility and/or the community during the first 2 years of life



Provision of Infant and Young Child Feeding counselling Indicators overview

8 Core 1 for facility (shown) 1 for community		2 Optional		3 Longitudinal 1 for facility (shown) 1 for community 1 facility + community	

Iron-containing micronutrient supplementation in pregnancy



6 Optional

- Hemoglobin (Hb) testing at first ANC contact
- Anemic at first facility ANC contact
- Provision of iron-containing supplements at first facility ANC contact
- Receipt of postnatal ironcontaining supplements during PNC contacts

based

1 Longitudinal

Receipt of at least 90 ironcontaining supplements throughout pregnancy

Registered pregnant women who came to term in the reporting period who were given/ prescribed ≥90 iron-containing supplements throughout their pregnancy

3 Core indicators

1 for **facility** (shown) 1 for **community** 1 for facility + community



Receipt of ironcontaining supplements during facility ANC contacts

Includes any type of iron-containing supplement (e.g., iron tablet, iron-folate syrup, multiple micronutrient capsule with iron, etc.) with appropriate dose

Maternal iron containing supplement Indicators overview

3 Core	6 Optional				1 Longitudinal
1 for facility (<mark>shown</mark>) 1 for community 1 for facility + community	1 for facility	1 for facility	1 for facility	1 for facility (shown) 1 for community 1 for facility + community	1 for facility + community
Receipt of iron- containing supplements during facility ANC contacts Numerator: Facility ANC contacts during which pregnant women were given/prescribed iron-containing supplements Denominator: Total facility ANC contacts	Hemoglobin (Hb) testing at first ANC contact Numerator: First ANC contacts in a facility during which Hb was tested Denominator: Total first ANC contacts in a facility	Anemic at first facility ANC contact Numerator: First ANC contacts in a facility where Hb was tested, and outcome was anaemic Denominator: Total first ANC contacts in a facility with Hb tested	Provision of iron- containing supplements at first facility ANC contact Numerator: Pregnant women given/ prescribed iron- containing supplements at first facility ANC contact Denominator: Estimated number of pregnant women	Receipt of postnatal iron-containing supplements during facility PNC contacts Numerator: Facility PNC contacts during which women were given/ prescribed postnatal iron- containing supplements or reported already receiving them Denominator: Total facility PNC contacts	Receipt of at least 90 iron- containing supplements throughout pregnancy Numerator: Registered pregnant women who came to term in the reporting period who were given/ prescribed ≥90 iron-containing supplements throughout their pregnancy Denominator: Registered pregnant women who came to term in the reporting period

Vitamin A supplementation



1 Optional

 Monthly target monitoring of VAS coverage

3 Longitudinal

- Individual annual twodose VAS coverage
- Full Protection with VAS
- · Zero Dose VAS

12 Core indicators

1 for **facility** (shown) 1 for **community** 1 for facility + community



VAS coverage of children 6-59 months: Semester 1 in a facility (routine)

Vitamin A supplement given to children 6-59 months old in Semester 1/2 at a facility **routine visits**

VAS coverage of children 6-59 months: Semester 1 at a facility event

Vitamin A supplement given to children 6-59 months old in Semester 1 / 2 at a facility **event**

Vitamin A supplementation Indicators overview

12 Core

1 for facility (shown) 1 for community 1 for facility +community

VAS coverage of children 6-59 months: Semester 1 in a facility (routine)

Numerator:

Vitamin A supplement given to children 6-59 months old in Semester 1/2 at a facility routine visits

Denominator:

Population 6-59 months VAS coverage of children 6-59 months: Semester 1 at a facility event

Numerator:

Vitamin A supplement given to children 6-59 months old in Semester 1 / 2 at a facility event **Denominator:**

Population 6-59 months

1 Optional

1 for facility + community

Monthly target monitoring of VAS coverage Numerator: Children aged 6–59 months that received an ageappropriate dose of vitamin A in the last month Denominator: 1/6 of the total population of children aged 6–59months



3 Longitudinal

3 indicators are for facility + community during routine visits & events. Disaggregate by: Sex & Age: 6-11 months receiving a 100,000 IU dose; 12-59 months receiving a 200,00 IU dose; 12-23 months and 24-59 months

Individual annual two-dose Full Protection with Zero E VAS coverage VAS

Numerator: Children aged

6-59 months eligible for 2

doses in the calendar year

who received 2 high-dose

supplements approximately

population of children aged

6–59-months eligible for 2

doses in the calendar year

prophylactic vitamin A

6 months apart in the

Denominator: Total

calendar year

Numerator: Children age 6-59 months who received all high-dose prophylactic vitamin A supplements they were eligible for since the age of 6 months with appropriate spacing to date **Denominator**: Total population of children aged 6-59 months

Zero Dose VAS

Numerator: Children age 6-59 months who received none of the high-dose prophylactic vitamin A supplements they were eligible for since the age of 6 months to date

Denominator: Total population of children aged 6-59 months



Moderate and Severe Wasting



Children screened for wasting in a facility

• Either by MUAC, Weight for Height or bilateral oedema

Children treated

- Admission (new)/
- Enrollment
- Treatment coverage

Referrals

• Children with moderate/severe wasting referred to a TFP

20 Core indicators

1 for **facility** (shown) 1 for community (screening only) Moderate & Severe wasting has same indicators

RUTF



Treatment outcomes

- Mortality
- Recovery
- Non-responsive
- Default

Moderate and severe wasting Indicators overview

20 Core

1 for **facility** (shown, 1 for community (screening only) Moderate wasting (shown), severe wasting has same indicators

Children screened for wasting in a facility

Numerator: Children screened for wasting in a facility either by MUAC, Weight for Height or bilateral oedema Denominator: Children 0-59 months seen in a facility

Moderate wasting Admission into a -Supplementary Feeding Programme (SFP) – Number of children with moderate wasting who are newly admitted into an SFP

- Enrollment in an SFP – Number of children with moderate wasting who are currently enrolled in SFP

Treatment coverage for moderate wasting

Numerator – Children with moderate wasting enrolled in a SFP

Denominator: Estimated population of children with moderate wasting

Mortality

Numerator: Children with moderate wasting who died while in an SFP **Denominator:** Treatment outcomes for moderate wasting, including recovered, died, non- responsive and defaulted

Recovery

Numerator: Children with moderate wasting who recovered or were cured while in an SFP Denominator: Treatment outcomes for moderate wasting, including recovered, died, non- responsive and defaulted-

Non-responsive

Numerator: Children with moderate wasting who did not respond to treatment while in an SFP **Denominator**: Treatment outcomes for moderate wasting, including recovered, died, nonresponsive and defaulted

Default

Numerator: Children with moderate wasting who defaulted treatment while in an SFP Denominator: Treatment outcomes for moderate wasting, including recovered, died, non- responsive and defaulted

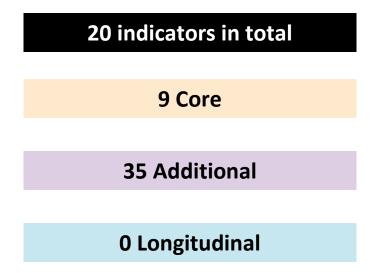
Referral to a Therapeutic Feeding Programme (TFP)

Number of children with moderate wasting who were referred to a TFP for further treatment

Severe wasting: Referral for hospital or inpatient care Number of children with severe wasting who were referred to a TFP

Emergencies

- Overall, the core indicators used in non-emergency contexts should also be used in emergency settings.
- Ideally, these indicators would be in regular/ongoing use before an emergency arises, ensuring relevant baseline data are available for emergency preparedness and response planning.
- The specified core indicators designated for emergencies, other than the ones used through out this guide, are those recommended by the Global Nutrition Cluster (GNC) - <u>GNC app</u> and/or partner reporting tool



Emergencies Indicators overview – aligned with GNC reporting tool

9 Core

- Pregnant and lactating women (PLW) screened for wasting
- PLW with moderate wasting **referred** to a treatment programme
- PLW with moderate wasting admitted to a supplemental feeding programme (SFP)
- PLW with moderate wasting who recovered or were cured while in an SFP
- PLW with moderate wasting who **defaulted** while in an SFP
- PLW with moderate wasting enrolled in an SFP who are transferred to a therapeutic feeding programme (TFP)
- PLW with moderate wasting who **died** while in an SFP

IYCF

- Enrollment / Attendance of breastfeeding mothers in Breastfeeding corners/baby friendly spaces
- Breastfeeding mothers who are screened for breastfeeding difficulties and referred for support
- Cooking demonstrations

35 Additional

Deworming

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- Capacity development
- Blanket Supplementary Feeding Programme (BSFP)
- Cash and voucher assistance

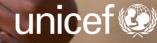
Accountability to Affected Populations

- Feedback from beneficiaries
- New requests for assistance or information from beneficiaries
- New positive feedback from beneficiaries
- New complaints received from beneficiaries
- Action on complaints
- Pending action on complaints

Thank You!

Contact:

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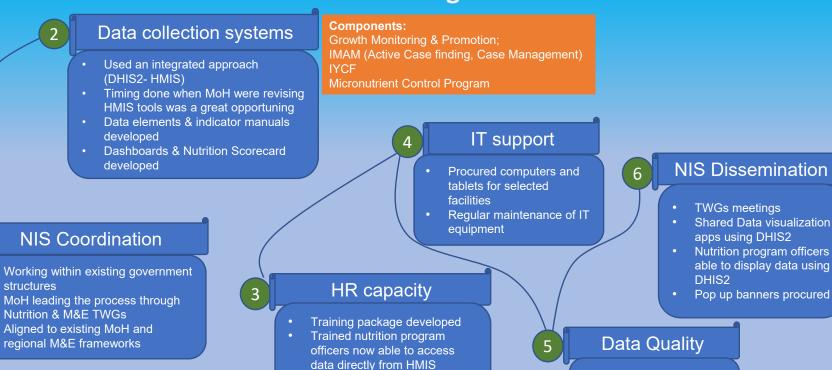


Experience from Zambia: Changes Made Due to DHIS2



Martin Liyungu Nutrition Information Systems Officer, Ministry of Health Zambia

Remarks from Zambia on changes made due to DHIS2



- Data quality protocol developed
 - Data quality audit conducted.



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Trained 127 provincial and

Conducted Technical support

district staff on NIS





Nutrition Data in the Revised Service Provision Assessment (SPA) Survey



Rukundo Benedict

Nutrition Specialist, Demographic and Health Surveys Program



SPA Survey

Rukundo Benedict, PhD Nutrition Specialist, The DHS Program

What is the Service Provision Assessment (SPA)?

- Quality of care
- Collects data on service provision from different perspectives
- Assessment of health facilities by type and managing authority
- Variety of health service areas



Topics include child health, antenatal care, delivery and newborn care, family planning, malaria, nutrition, WASH, Gender-based violence, HIV/AIDS, noncommunicable disease, reproductive cancers, STIs, tuberculosis

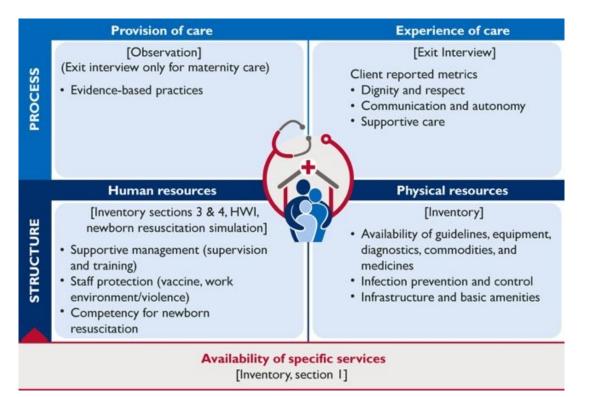
Revised SPA survey questionnaires

*New in revised SPA

Instruments in Revised SPA



DHS Program's Quality of Care Framework

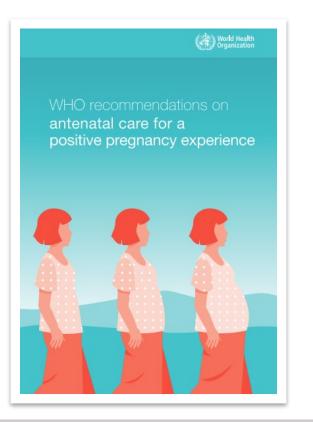


Nutrition data in the SPA

- Antenatal care services
- Newborn and postnatal care services
- Child curative care and growth monitoring services
- Non-communicable disease and HIV/AIDS care services



Antenatal Care Services



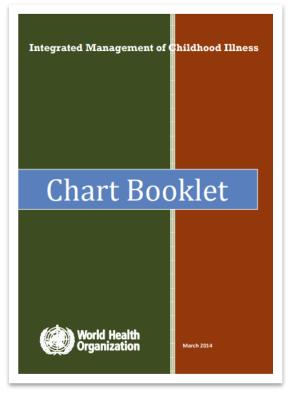
- Availability and provision of micronutrient supplements
- Availability of guidelines in facility
- Health worker training in the last 24 months
- Nutrition counseling
- Physical assessments/tests

Newborn and Postnatal Care Services



- Availability of guidelines in facility
- Health worker training in the last 24 months
- Recommended newborn care practices
- Nutrition counseling

Child Curative Care and Growth Monitoring Services



- Availability and provision of micronutrient supplements
- Availability of nutrition related equipment
- Availability of guidelines in facility
- Health worker training in the last 24 months
- Nutrition counseling
- Physical assessments/tests and treatments

Baby Friendly Hospital Initiative example of nutrition data in SPA



	Hospitals support mothers to breastfeed by	Because
1. Hospital policies	 Not promoting infant formula, bottles or teats Making breastfeeding care standard practice Keeping track of support for breastfeeding 	Hospital policies help make sure that all mothers and babies receive the best care
2. Staff competency	 Training staff on supporting mothers to breastfeed Assessing health workers' knowledge and skills 	Well-trained health workers provide the best support for breastfeeding
3. Antenatal care	 Discussing the importance of breastfeeding for babies and mothers Preparing women in how to feed their baby 	Most women are able to breastfeed with the right support
4. Care right after birth	 Encouraging skin-to-skin contact between mother and baby soon after birth Helping mothers to put their baby to the breast right away 	Snuggling skin-to-skin helps breastfeeding get started
5. Support mothers with breastfeeding	 Checking positioning, attachment and suckling Giving practical breastfeeding support Helping mothers with common breastfeeding problems 	Breastfeeding is natural, but most mothers need help at first
6. Supplementing	 Giving only breast milk unless there are medical reasons Prioritizing donor human milk when a supplement is needed Helping mothers who want to formula feed do so safely 	Giving babies formula in the hospital makes it hard to get breastfeeding going
7. Rooming-in	 Letting mothers and babies stay together day and night Making sure that mothers of sick babies can stay near their baby 	Mothers need to be near their babies to notice and respond to feeding cues
8. Responsive feeding	 Helping mothers know when their baby is hungry Not limiting breastfeeding times 	Breastfeeding babies whenever they are ready helps everybody
9. Bottles, teats, and pacifiers	Counselling mothers about the use and risks of feeding bottles and pacifiers	Everything that goes in the baby's mouth needs to be clean
10. Discharge	Referring mothers to community resources for breastfeeding support Working with communities to improve breastfeeding support services	Learning to breastfeed takes time

What is the added value of SPA?

- Large set of standardized quality of care indicators
- Client experience indicators
- Client characteristics
- Triangulation of data

- Effective coverage of nutrition interventions in the health system
- Quality of nutrition services
- Facility readiness to provide nutrition services



More SPA resources

- <u>Revised SPA Questionnaires</u> are available on The DHS Program website
- Several SPA briefs are available and more forthcoming*
 - SPA Overview
 - SPA Methodology
 - SPA Quality of Care
 - SPA Person Centered Care
 - SPA Data Availability and Use
 - SPA Nutrition Data and indicators*



Social Contact Info.



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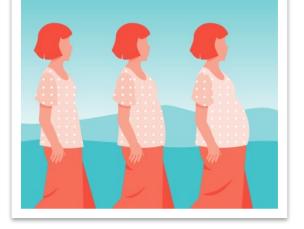
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You Tube

> www.DHSprogram.com Email us at: info@dhsprogram.com

Additional Antenatal Care Services

WHO recommendations on antenatal care for a positive pregnancy experience



- Availability and provision of micronutrient supplements: iron, folic acid, iron and folic acid, calcium (all adult dosages), and multiple micronutrients (ANC dosage)
- Availability of nutrition related equipment: adult weighing scale, measuring tape, blood pressure apparatus, anemia testing equipment and supplies, and urine dipsticks
- Availability of guidelines in facility on: ANC, micronutrient supplementation, anemia testing, and practices in compliance with International Code of Marketing of Breastmilk Substitutes
- Health worker training in the last 24 months on: ANC screening, counseling for ANC, micronutrient supplementation, anemia testing, and early and exclusive breastfeeding
- **Nutrition counseling on**: pregnant women's diet, physical activity and weight gain, micronutrient supplementation, breastfeeding counseling and support, infant and young child feeding for prevention of mother-to-child transmission of HIV, and nutrition for HIV positive pregnant women
- Physical assessments/tests: anemia, blood pressure, urine testing, weight

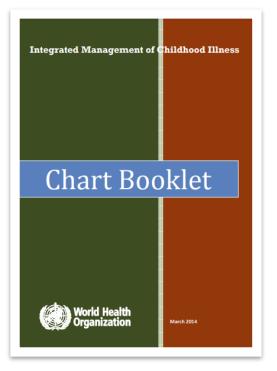
Additional Newborn and Postnatal Care Services

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- Availability of guidelines in facility on: immediate newborn care, preterm and small babies care, and practices in compliance with International Code of Marketing of Breastmilk Substitutes
- Health worker training in the last 24 months on: newborn care, early and exclusive breastfeeding
- Newborn care: vitamin K, immediate weighing, skin-toskin, kangaroo mother care for low birthweight babies, early initiation of breastfeeding, rooming-in, avoidance of prelacteals
- **Nutrition counseling on:** postpartum nutrition, micronutrient supplementation, postnatal breastfeeding and support, infant feeding including responsive feeding

Additional Child Curative Care and Growth Monitoring Services



- **Availability and provision of micronutrient supplements:** iron (pediatric dosage), zinc, and vitamin A (pediatric dosage)
- Availability of nutrition related equipment: infant weighing scale, child weighing scale, height/length board, mid-upper arm circumference measuring tape, measuring tape, growth charts, anemia testing equipment, and supplies
- Availability of guidelines in facility on: IMCI, diagnosis and management of malnutrition, and growth monitoring
- Health worker training in the last 24 months on: IMCI, diagnosis/treatment of diarrhea, diagnosis/management of malnutrition, diagnosis/treatment of micronutrient deficiency, breastfeeding, complementary feeding, and anemia testing
- **Nutrition counseling on:** breastfeeding, infant feeding, feeding during illness
- **Physical assessments/tests:** anemia, weight, height, mid-upper arm circumference, oedema, unable to drink/breastfeed
- **Other treatments:** Ready-to-use therapeutic food, Ready-to-usesupplementary food, F-75 feeding formula, or F-100 feeding formula

Use of Nutrition Data from the Recent SPA in Nepal



Lila Bikram Thapa Chief of Nutrition Section, Nepal Ministry of Health and Population

Q&A Discussion

Please submit questions for the panelists in the Q&A box.





Silvia Alayón Director of Measurement, USAID Advancing Nutrition

Erin Milner Sr. Nutrition MEL Advisor, USAID Bureau for Global Health

Rukundo Benedict Nutrition Specialist, Demographic and Health Surveys Program

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Chika Hayashi Senior Advisor for Monitoring and Statistics, UNICEF



Martin Liyungu Nutrition Information Systems Officer, Ministry of Health Zambia



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